

# 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中初三一模英语试卷

## 一、单项选择

### 1 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第31题1分

She said she hoped to go to \_\_\_\_\_ unusual place with her families one day.

- A. an                      B. a                      C. the

**答案** A

**解析** 考查冠词：a/an/the，a/an为不定冠词，the为定冠词，这个句子里面的“不寻常的地方”不是一个特指，当选用不定冠词，又因为unusual的音标是元音音标，则选用an。故答案为A。

**考点** 一语言知识运用

└ 冠词

### 2 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第32题1分

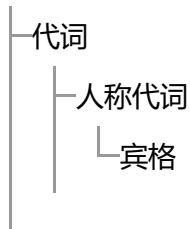
Miss Cheng has taught \_\_\_\_\_ English for about three years. We all love her very much.

- A. our                      B. ours                      C. us

**答案** C

**解析** 考查宾语，分析句子成分可知，“teaches”为动词的三单形式，在此做谓语，并且为及物动词，后面跟宾语，宾语要选择人称代词的宾格形式。故答案为C。

**考点** 一语言知识运用



**3 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第33题1分**

—World you please show me the way \_\_\_\_\_ the post office?

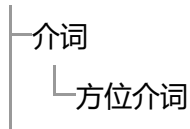
—Yes, go straight ahead. it's opposite a bank.

- A. of                                      B. for                                      C. to

**答案** C

**解析** 考查介词，of所有格表示"...的..."，for "为了.../对于"，to "对于"，根据句意，这里的to表示的是"到...的路"。故答案为C。

**考点** 一语言知识运用



**4 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第34题1分**

—This coat was last year's style.

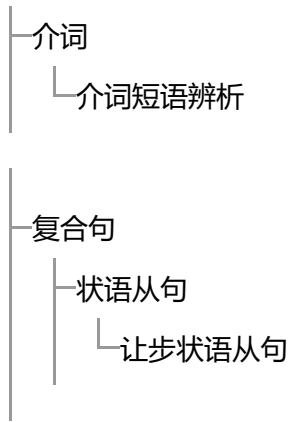
—I think it still looks nice \_\_\_\_\_ it has gone out this year.

- A. so that                                      B. even though                                      C. ever since

**答案** B

**解析** 考查意思，so that "如此...以至于..."，even though "即使，虽然"，ever since "从那时起"，根据句意 "我觉得它仍然看起来不错，即使今年已经过时了。" 故答案为B。

**考点** 一语言知识运用



5 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第35题1分

He wanted to be an engineer so he decided \_\_\_\_\_ hard to achieve his dream.

- A. to study                      B. studying                      C. study

答案 A

解析 考查固定搭配, decide to do sth. "决定做某事..." 故答案为A。

考点 一语言知识运用  
└─固定搭配

6 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第36题1分

—Who is exercising in the garden?

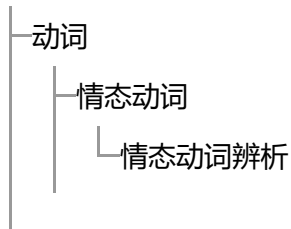
—It \_\_\_\_\_ be Mr.Green. He is making coffee in the room.

- A. must                      B. can't                      C. might

答案 B

解析 考查情态动词表推测, must表示肯定的推测, can't表示不可能, may表示可能, 根据句意"他在房间工作", 可以知道不可能是格林先生。故答案为B。

考点 一语言知识运用



7 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第37题1分

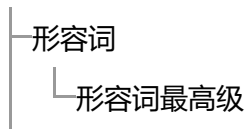
The teacher said the girl was not the fastest, but she was the \_\_\_\_\_ of the students.

- A. most careful      B. most carefully      C. most careless

答案 A

解析 考查形容词副词的最高级，根据句意“老师说这个女孩不是最快的，但是是所有学生中最仔细的。”这里缺表语，形容词作表语。故答案为A。

考点 一语言知识运用



8 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第38题1分

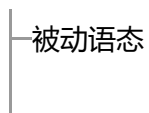
The shopping mall is very large and beautiful. I know it \_\_\_\_\_ last year.

- A. is built      B. was built      C. built

答案 B

解析 考查动词的时态以及语态，根据句中时间状语“last year”，可知时态为一般过去式，又因为build这个动作与building之间的逻辑关系为被动，“楼被建立”，则动词应该用被动语态。故答案为B。

考点 一语言知识运用



9 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第39题1分

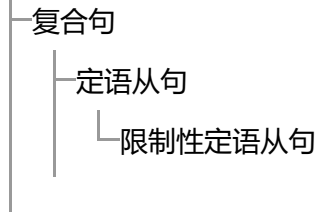
That is the famous university \_\_\_\_\_ my friend and I visited last summer vacation.

- A. where                      B. who                      C. that

答案 C

解析 考查定语从句连词，因为主句有出现连词that，这类定语从句是特殊的，需要用that来连接的。故答案为C。

考点 一语言知识运用



10 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第40题1分

--- Lucy, could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ ?

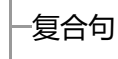
--- Sure. She is a doctor in a big hospital.

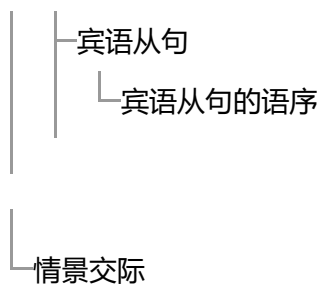
- A. where your mother is  
B. what your mother is  
C. how your mother is

答案 B

解析 考查句意理解，根据答句“当然，她是一个在大医院的医生。”可知上文是在问“你妈妈是做什么的”。故答案为B。

考点 一语言知识运用





## 二、补全对话

11 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第41~45题10分

补全对话。根据对话内容，从右边方框中选出适当的选项补全对话。

A: Hey, Jim! don't forget to turn off the lights. 1

B: Oh! I know. I usually do that. I was just in a hurry. 2

A: I always have been. I just read a book about it, and there are so many things we can do.

B: Like what?

A: 3

B: Oh, I'll never do that.

A: You wouldn't?

B: No, I have very short hair. I am only in the shower for a few minutes.

A: 4

B: What else does it say?

A: It says people should stop riding in cars and start riding bikes.

B: Oh, I'll never do that. Can you see me riding twenty minutes to and from school very day?

A: Well, I think the environment is really important. 5

B: Yes, and you also live close to school!

A. How come you are interested in the environment, Jack?

B. Besides, I like riding my bike.

C. Well, every minute helps.

D. It saves electricity.

E. Well, you should turn off the shower when you are washing your hair.

答案 DAECB

解析

1: 考查句意理解, 前一句在说 "不要忘记关灯", 根据句意, 可知是说 "这是节约用电"。故答案为D。

2: 考查上下文, 下文回答 "我一直都是这样。最近读了一本关于这个的书, 我们可以做很多事情。" 可以推测出是在说 "你为什么对环境这么感兴趣", 口语里how come=why。故答案为A。

3: 考查上下文, 下文回答说 "我头发很短, 所以我洗澡就只要几分钟", 可以知道两人是在说在洗澡的时候节约用水。故答案为E。

4: 考查上下文, 上文说 "我头发很短, 所以我洗澡就只要几分钟", 所以这里回答 "每分钟都是有帮助的", 暗指还是应该要尽量节约。故答案为C。

5: 考查语境, 这里两个人在讨论骑车的问题, "另外, 我很喜欢骑车"。故答案为B。

考点

一填空

└ 补全对话

### 三、完形填空

12 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第46~50题10分

A

Many people love proverb (谚语) for their wisdom. Others enjoy the image (影像) in proverb. But proverbs are the most impressive 1 they express a lot of information in just a few words. A good proverb quickly shows ideas that are sometimes hard to express. And the person 2 quickly understands it.

Proverbs come from two 3 places--common people and famous people. These two sources (来源) are not always completely different. Common and popular wisdom has often been used by famous people. And something said or written down by a well-known person has often been borrowed by the common man. For example, "Bad news travels fast" probably comes from the 4 of housewives. However, "All's well that ends well" was written by William Shakespeare.

Proverbs are used everywhere in the world. If you can understand a culture's proverbs, you can better understand the culture 5. There are many different ways that we use proverbs in daily life. Here is one example.

A bird in hand is worth two in the bush it's used to give advice. It means something you have is better than something you might get.

1. A. so that                      B. because                      C. as a result

- |                |            |               |
|----------------|------------|---------------|
| 2. A. speaking | B. hearing | C. listening  |
| 3. A. main     | B. typical | C. normal     |
| 4. A. exercise | B. work    | C. experience |
| 5. A. yourself | B. itself  | C. yourselves |

**答案** BBACB

**解析**

- 1: 考查词意, 根据句意 "但是谚语最使人印象深刻的是因为它们能用几个词表达出很多信息。" 故答案为B。
- 2: 考查句意, 根据意思 "一个好的谚语可以很快的表达很难懂的东西, 并且可以让听到的人一下子就明白。" 故答案为B。
- 3: 考查句意, 根据意思 "谚语主要来源于两个主要的地方——普通人和出名的人"。故答案为A。
- 4: 考查词意, 根据意思 "坏事传千里来源于家庭妇女的经验"。故答案为C。
- 5: 考查句意, 根据句意 "如果你理解了文化的谚语, 你也能很好的理解文化本身。" 故答案为B。

**考点** 一填空

└完形填空

**13 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第51~60题10分**

**B**

After thirty years in the classroom, I have come to realize that teacher's behavior can make a world of difference for a child. This is one such   1   .

While I was attending a pay being   2   at a high school one evening, I looked around and noticed a young girl who looks a little familiar. I thought she had been a student of mine. I tried to remember her name but I couldn't. I didn't feel   3   with myself, as I have always been able to remember the students that I knew in the past.

Her eyes met mine and she threw her   4   around me and said, "Mrs.Green, it's me, Sarah,and I'm still writing!" The memories   5   I felt something different in my heart.You see, Sarah was   6   a student in my classroom. Sarah's mother had gone to a big city and had remarried.And her father had left her. She was sent to live with her grandparents the year I met her. Sarah was angry, often in trouble and often in the office.

It was during one of those office visits that I first met her. She was writing. I introduced myself to her and asked her   7   she was writing.Sarah shared her story with me.I knew it



was a way for her to get away from her pain. So she always put her 8 on paper. Every morning before school she would come into my classroom and we would work on her 9 skills.

Our conversation that evening was filled with hope. She expected to go to college. Driving home, I realized the future for both good and bad that teachers have put upon their students. Taking the time to 10 with a child has the power to change that child's life. That's why I teach.

- |                  |              |              |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. class      | B. history   | C. story     |
| 2. A. started    | B. planned   | C. held      |
| 3. A. satisfied  | B. proud     | C. patient   |
| 4. A. shoulders  | B. arms      | C. back      |
| 5. A. broke down | B. went by   | C. came back |
| 6. A. already    | B. never     | C. just      |
| 7. A. how        | B. what      | C. why       |
| 8. A. thoughts   | B. decisions | C. efforts   |
| 9. A. reading    | B. speaking  | C. writing   |
| 10. A. connect   | B. compare   | C. play      |

答案

CCABC BBACA

解析

1: 考查上下问, 根据下文的表述, 可以知道在讲一个故事, "这是一个故事"。故答案为C。

2: 考查词意, 根据句意, "当我参加一个晚上在一所高中举办的聚会时, 我环顾四周, 注意到一个女孩, 她看起来很面熟。" 故答案为C。

3: 考查词意, 根据句意, "我使劲想她的名字, 但是就是想不起来。我对自己感到不满, 因为我总是能够记得过去我认识的学生"。故答案为A。

4: 考查词意, 根据句意: 我们四目相对, 她抱着我, 说, "Mrs. G, 是我, Sarah, 我还在写作!" shoulder肩膀; back背; arms手臂。由throw "扔" 和around可知应该是手臂。故答案为B。

5: 考查词意, 根据句意: 我想起来了, 感到心里有些异样。break down出故障; 抛锚; go by经过; 过去; come back回来。此处表示"记忆回来了" 故答案为C。

6: 考查上下文, 根据句意: 你看, Sarah从不是坐在我的教室里的学生。由下文可知Sarah只是经常惹事而成为办公室的常客, 因此作者认识她。故答案为B。

7: 考查上下文, 根据下文: 她给我展示她写的故事, 可知作者是在问她写什么。故答案为B。

8: 考查词意, 根据句意: Sarah和我分享她的故事。我知道那对她来说是一个很好的摆脱痛苦的方法。所以她经常把她的思想写在纸上。decision决定; effort努力; thought思想; 想

法。故答案为A。

9: 考查上下文, 前文一直都在讲Sarah喜欢写作, 所以她经常早上来教室, 然后我们一起提高她的写作技巧。故答案为C。

10: 考查词意, 根据句意: 花点时间和一个孩子交流有着影响他一生的力量。那就是为什么我要当老师。connect with sb与……联系; play with玩耍; compare with与……相比。通过本文的故事可知作者主动与Sarah的交流改变了Sarah的人生, 故选A。

考点

一填空

└完形填空

## 四、阅读理解

14 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第61~65题10分

### Easy high school life

You are in your last year of junior high school. Have you thought about what it will be like in high school? Are you ready for a fresh start in a new environment? Some high school graduates from the United States share their tips:

#### Organize and plan your studies

"The biggest thing is to stay organized," says Philip Tubiolo, a graduate from Bayport High School. Tubiolo is now at Tony Brook University. He says you can use either paper or online tools to help with your studies. "I would transfer (转换) paper notes online and make study guides. Everything was in one place for finals and midterms."

#### Find your interests

"I knew I was more of a science kid," says Bayport's Tubiolo. "I took AP Biology in 10th grade and loved it. AP (advanced Placement) classes are college-level classes that high school students can take. He also joined his school's Science Olympiad team. This allowed him to take part in biology and math competition. He even decided on a college major although most students don't need to make this choice so early. Tubiolo is studying biomedical (生物医学) engineering at his university."

#### Find healthy ways to lower stress and have fun

"It's not just study, study, study," says Roslyn High School student Todd Warshawsky. "I was a runner. That was a way to lower our stress from study." Sachem North High School graduate Erin Maryze agrees. "Though school work is important, it's also important to have a little fun," says the Northeastern University freshman.

### Hold off on dating

"Don't get a girl friend or boyfriend," advises Amityville's Esteban Idrovo, who is studying physics at Stony Brook University. I got too distracted (分心的) . I lost a lot of friends because I got caught up in this relationship."

1. We know there are four tips offered by some graduates from the UK.
2. Philip Tubiolo does well in science and uses neither paper or online tools to help him study.
3. Philip Tubiolo chose to study biomedical engineering as a major when he was in Senior high.
4. Both Warshawsky and Maryzek believe that having fun is also important. Because it can make them stressed out.
5. Amityville's Esteban Idrovo advised not to make a girlfriend or boyfriend, because he got distracted and lost lots of friends.

答案

TFFTT

解析

- 1: 细节题。文章第一段最后 "Some high school graduates from the United States share their tips" , 文章布局也能看出讲了四点建议。故答案为T。
- 2: 细节题。根据文中: He says you can use either paper or online tools to help with your studies。而题目是neither, 小细节错误。故答案为F。
- 3: 细节题。根据文中: He even decided on a college major although most students don't need to make this choice so early. 但是这是Bayport's Tubiolo, 人物匹配有错。故答案为F。
- 4: 细节题。Warshawsky和Maryzek 都是在第四点建议中出现的, 第三点建议是在说 "找到健康的方式来减压, 并且过得开心"。故答案为T。
- 5: 细节题。可以从原文中看出: I got too distracted (分心的) . I lost a lot of friends because I got caught up in this relationship.故答案为T。

考点

一阅读

└判断对错

15

2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第66~70题10分

A

Every school has a notice board. Let's see what in on the notice board of an America school.

#### School Policy (政策)

Fighting, saying bad words and all other bad behavior will not be allowed.

Do not throw rocks, snowballs or sticks on the school grounds.

Hand in a note or telephone to school if your child will be absent for the day.

Parents and visitors need to check in at the office when entering the school.

### After-school Program

The after-school program will continue for the year 2012. The program will be open from 3.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. every day.

3.30-4.30 Homework & Reading

4.30-6.00 Activities

If you have any questions, feel free to call the school at 524-9752.

### Class Announcement

Testing Dates:

The math testing is June 12-13

The science test is June 15

Parents meeting:

The next parents meeting is on Friday, June 22 at 7.00 p.m. in the meeting hall.

Homework:

Please check the Homework Board at the school homepage to find your homework.

### Report Card

Report card about your school life and work will be given to your parents. Look at the marking key for your school work.

MARKING KEY (评分标准)	
Goes beyond grade level standards	4
Meets grade level standards	3
Does not meet grade level standards,making progress	2
Does not meet grade level standards, not making progress	1

- (1) According to School Policy, visitors have to \_\_\_\_\_ when entering the school.
  - A. hand in a note
  - B. check in at the office
  - C. call at 524-9752
- (2) What time will the activities start?
  - A. At 4:30 p.m.
  - B. At 6:00 p.m.
  - C. At 3:30 p.m.
- (3) From \_\_\_\_\_ , students can get information on the parents meeting.
  - A. School Policy
  - B. Report Card

C. Class Announcement

- (4) How many tests will the students have in June?
- A. Three  
B. Two  
C. One
- (5) Suppose Tony doesn't do well at school but makes progress, he will get \_\_\_\_\_ on the Report Card.
- A. 2  
B. 1  
C. 3

答案

- (1) B  
(2) A  
(3) C  
(4) B  
(5) A

解析

- (1) 细节题。根据文中: Parents and visitors need to check in at the office when entering the school.故答案为B。
- (2) 细节题。根据文中: 4.30-6.00 Activities。可知开始的时间为4: 30。故答案为A。
- (3) 细节题。根据文中Class Announcement中Parents meeting, 可看出能在这里寻求到信息。故答案为C。
- (4) 细节题。根据文中: Testing Dates: The math testing is June 12-13 The science test is June 15, 可知六月有两次考试。故答案为B。
- (5) 细节题。根据文中: Does not meet grade level standards,making progress, 对应的分数为2。故答案为A。

考点

一阅读

└ 阅读理解

16 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第71~75题10分

B

More international students are studying a U.S. colleges and universities than ever before. Nearly a million international students are studying at U.S. universities. This is the highest

number of international students are record since 1954. The number of international students in the U.S. has increased since 2006. It increased 10 percent between 2016 and 2017. That was the highest increase in 35 years.

China sent more students to study in the U.S. in 2016 than any other country, with 304,040. That is an increase of 10.8 percent from 2015. India sent more students to the U.S. than it had in its past. It sent the second largest number of students to the U.S. with 132,888, More Indian students are coming to the top-level science and technology facilities (设备) at U.S. universities.

A program called "one Hundred Thousand Strong in the Americas" helped increase the number of students from in America and the Caribbean. The program helps make international study between Latin America and the U.S. easier and more affordable. The number of students from Latin America and the Caribbean increased by almost 20 percent.

Brazil sent 23,675 students to the U.S. that is 79 percent more than in 2016. The Brazil Scientific Mobility Problem helped pay for the students. This problem pays for science and math students to study at U.S. university for one year.

Government scholarships were also important for students from the Middle East. Saudi Arabia had the fourth highest number of students in the U.S. with 59,945. That is an increase from 2015 of 11.2 percent. Kuwait increased its number of students by 24 percent. The government of Kuwait has program that pay for some of their students to study in other countries. So do the other countries which have an increase in the number of students who study in the U.S. universities.

- (1) Which country sent the largest number of students to the U.S. in 2016?
  - A. China
  - B. India
  - C. Brazil
- (2) The program of "One Hundred Thousand Strong in the Americas" \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. helped increase the number of students from Middle East.
  - B. made international study between Latin America and the
  - C. paid for some of their students to study in other countries.
- (3) The highest increase of international students in the U.S. happened \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. in 2006
  - B. between 2016 and 2017
  - C. in 35 years
- (4) The number of students from Kuwait at U.S. universities increased by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. 11.2%
  - B. 20%
  - C. 24%

- (5) Why did the number of international students at U.S. increase so quickly?
- A. Because some programs helped pay for their study in the  
B. Because they could get government scholarships from the  
C. Because there were the top-level science and technology facilities at

### 答案

- (1) A  
(2) B  
(3) B  
(4) C  
(5) C

### 解析

- (1) 细节题。根据文中：China sent more students to study in the U.S. in 2016 than any other country, with 304,040. 故答案为A。
- (2) 细节题。根据文中：The program helps make international study between Latin America and the U.S. easier and more affordable. "这个计划帮助拉丁美洲和美国之间的国际学习更简单和更可支付了"，换言之就是更便宜了。故答案为B。
- (3) 细节题。根据第一段最后：It increased 10 percent between 2016 and 2017. That was the highest increase in 35 years. "在2016到2017增长了10%，这是35年以来的最高增长"。故答案选B。
- (4) 细节题。根据最后一段：Kuwait increased its number of students by 24 percent.故答案为C。
- (5) 推断题。选项A：文中只是有提到有些项目帮助减轻了学费，但是没有帮助支付；选项B：文中有提到某些国家的政府会给自己的学生一些奖学金，但不是美国政府给留学生发奖学金；选项C：由于美国的某一些方面比较发达，这比较符合文意。故答案为C。

### 考点

一阅读

└ 阅读理解

## 五、首字母填空

17 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第76~80题5分

根据首字母填词。

- (1) I like watching dolphin shows because t \_\_\_\_\_ dolphins are good at throwing balls.
- (2) The girl felt excited because she could get into the senior high school that was widely a \_\_\_\_\_ for its excellent teaching.
- (3) He suggested going for a spring our at the weekend, but we thought it was worth c \_\_\_\_\_ , because we were busy preparing for the entrance examinations.
- (4) Some researchers in the field of medicine have made some important new d \_\_\_\_\_ through lots of tests.
- (5) The man said he was kind of embarrassed when he met a primary school classmate of his in the street because he c \_\_\_\_\_ forgot his name.

### 答案

- (1) trained
- (2) admired
- (3) considering
- (4) discoveries
- (5) completely

### 解析

- (1) 考查形容词，根据句意“我喜欢看海豚表演，因为被训练的海豚擅长扔球”。故答案为trained。
- (2) 考查动词，根据句意“女孩很兴奋，因为能够进入以出色教学著名的这个高中”，be admired for “因...被称赞”。故填admired。
- (3) 考查句意，根据句意：他建议我们周末去春游，但是这值得三思，因为我们最近忙于高考。故填considering。
- (4) 考查名词，根据句意“在医药领域的一些研究者，通过大量的试验，已经取得了一些新的重要的发现”。故填discoveries。
- (5) 考查副词，根据句意“这个男人说他有点尴尬，当他在路上遇到他的小学同学的时候，因为他完全忘记了同学的名字。”故填completely。

### 考点

一 填空

└ 词汇填空

## 六、对话填空



**完成对话。在对话空格中填上适当的单词，使对话完整正确。一空一词（含缩写词）。**

A: Hey honey, wait for a moment. Can you give me the key? I have to 1. \_\_\_\_\_ to get some cash (现金) . In 2. \_\_\_\_\_ we want to buy something on the way there.

B: Some cash? Grandma we have no 3. \_\_\_\_\_ of cash. I have taken my phone with me.

A: I know that. But we can't buy things with the phone.

B: My dear grandma. Don't you know that we almost don't need to take cash 4. \_\_\_\_\_ nowadays? Wechat pay is 5. \_\_\_\_\_ to buyers in nearly all the shops in the city even the sellers on the street.

A: You mean we can pay for whatever we buy on the phone. How could that be? If you tell your grandpa about it, you can 6. \_\_\_\_\_ to see the funny expression on his face opening his eyes and mouth at the same time, That always makes me laugh.

B: You haven't come to visit us for a long time.

A: The life in the city really bores and troubles us.

B: How come?

A: Being unable to drive for your grandpa and me really makes the travel 7. \_\_\_\_\_ so that we can only stay at home, And the relations with the neighbors in the countryside have been kept for many years. We are used to living together and having one 8. \_\_\_\_\_ company It's hard to imagine the 9. \_\_\_\_\_ we will suffer if each of us part with the others. You know for most of the old like us, we really need friends to talk with.

B: What you said also makes sense. But we really miss you and grandpa.

A: You can come back to see us as often as possible And take the 10. \_\_\_\_\_ you are able to run away from the traffic rush, the busy city lifestyle and enjoy the clean air in the countryside.

B: We will, grandma.

**答案**

1: return

2: case

3: need

4: out

5: available

6: expect

7: difficult

8: another

9: situation

10: time

**解析**

1. 考查动词，根据句意“亲爱的，你能给我钥匙吗？我想回去拿点现金。” return to “回去” 故填return。

2. 考查短语, 根据句意 "万一在路上我们有想买的东西。" in case "万一" 故填case。
3. 考查名词, 根据句意 "奶奶, 我们不需要现金, 我带着手机的。" the need of "...的需求"。故填need。
4. 考查副词, 根据意思 "我亲爱的奶奶, 你不知道现在我们几乎不需要带现金出门了吗?" take...out "带...出去" 故填out。
5. 考查形容词, 根据意思 "对于买家来说, 微信支付在城市几乎所有商店都是可以使用的, 甚至是在街边的小店里。" be available to "可使用的" 故填available。
6. 考查动词, 根据句意 "如果你告诉你爷爷这个事情, 你可以看到他目瞪口呆的表情。" 故填expect。
7. 考查形容词, 根据句意 "我和你爷爷不能开车让旅行变得困难, 我们只能待在家里。" make sth+adj. "使...困难" 故填difficult。
8. 考查词组, 根据句意 "我们习惯了住在一起和彼此的陪伴", one another彼此。故填another。
9. 考查名词, 根据句意 "很难想想我们彼此分开之后所遭受的境遇" 故填situation。
10. 考查名词, 根据句意 "找个可以避开车流高峰期和繁忙城市生活的时间来, 享受干净" 故填time。

考点 一 填空

└ 补全对话

## 七、短文选词填空

19 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第91~100题10分

短文填空。从下面方框中选出10个单词并使用其适当形式填入短文空格内, 使短文意思正确、通顺 (每词限用一次)。

part away noisily stop thank direct come separately check breathe off shine

Lighting flashed through the darkness over Sibson's bedroom skylight (天窗). Sibson was shaken by a clap of thunder before he knew what was happening. The storm had moved   1   over his two-story wooden house. Then he heard the smoke alarm beeping.

Sibson rushed down the stairs without shoes   2  ; he opened the door to the basement (地下室), and the flames (火焰) explored out. Sibson ran back upstairs to call 911 from his bedroom. "I felt safe because the room had a   3   outdoor stairway," he explains.

But the phone didn't work, and when he tried to go down the outdoor stairway, he was   4   by a wall of flames. Sibson realized he was trapped (困住).

Sibson's house was three kilometers 5 the main road and was so well hidden by trees that he knew calling for help wouldn't work.

Up a hill nearby lived Sibson's neighbor, Huggons. He was lying in bed when something like a smoke alarm struck (击打) his ears. He jumped out of bed, took his phone and flashlight, and headed down the hillside toward the 6. That was when he saw the rolling heavy smoke.

Huggons called 911, and the operator (接线员) warned him not to enter the house. But Huggons said, "There is no way I am going to listen to Sibson shout and die in that fire."

"Anyone there?" Huggons called out. Then he heard "Help! I'm trapped!" 7 from the second floor balcony (阳台). He entered the house, but soon had to run back to catch his 8.

After one more try inside the house, Huggons gave up and circle around back.

The wind 9 the smoke just enough for him to catch sight of Sibson. But there was no way to get to him. He shone the flashlight into the woods and noticed a ladder (梯子). He took it over to the balcony and pulled Sibson down just as the second floor of the house fell off.

Sibson is still 10 when he tells the story. "I was alone that night," he says. "Then I heard the most beautiful sound in my life. It was Huggons."

### 答案

- 1:directly
- 2:to check
- 3:separate
- 4:stopped
- 5:away
- 6:noise
- 7:coming
- 8:breath
- 9:parted
- 10:thankful

### 解析

1. 考查副词, 根据句意 "闪电正中他两层楼的木头房子的上空" directly "正好, 恰好" 故填 directly。
2. 考查非谓语, 这里是用非谓语表目的, 根据句意: Sibson没穿鞋子冲下楼去检查。故填to check。
3. 考查形容词, 根据句意: 我感觉很安全, 因为房间有一个独立的户外楼梯。故填 separate。
4. 考查动词, 根据下文可知 "Sibson意识到他被困住了", 所以这里是被一堵火墙阻止了。故填stopped。

5. 考查副词, 根据下文可以知道 "被树木所遮掩, 呼叫是没有用的", Sibson的房子应该是离主路有三公里远。故填away。
6. 考查名词, 根据上文 "当他听到一个类似于烟雾警报器声响的时候, 正躺在床上", 所以在下床出门, 是循着声音去的。故填noise。
7. 考查非谓语, 根据意思: 然后他听到, "救救我, 我被困在里面了", 从二楼的阳台上穿出来。故填coming。
8. 考查名词, 根据意思 "他冲进房子里面, 但是很快不得不退出来呼吸空气"。catch one's breath "喘气"。故填breath。
9. 考查动词, 根据意思: 风把烟雾吹散了, 刚好够他可以看清出Sibson。Part "分开, 分离", 这里表示吹散。故填parted。
10. 考查形容词, 根据上下文, 邻居救了Sibson的生命, 所以现在谈起这个事情还是很感激的。故填thankful。

考点 一 填空

└ 词汇填空

## 八、任务型阅读

20 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第101~105题5分

补全短文。根据短文内容, 从短文后的A-F选项中选出适当的选项补全短文。

Russian writer Leo Tolstoy once said, "If you want to be happy, be." 1. \_\_\_\_\_

Apparently (显然地), being happy is an ability, which means we need to learn how to do it. This, perhaps, explains why around one in four students at Yale University in the US have signed up for its Psychology and the Good Life course this term. The course actually set a record of being the most popular in Yale's 316-year history, as well as in the Ivy League (常春藤联盟) schools' history.

Laurie Santos, the psychology professor who will be running the course, believes that the high school lives her students must have had are the reason that her class is so popular.

2. \_\_\_\_\_ In order to stand out, they had to surround (包围) themselves with endless tests, competitions, and so-called "hobbies", which made them very unhappy.

"A lot of us are anxious, stressed, numb (麻木的)" Alannah Maynez, a 19-year-old student at Yale, told The New York Times. "The fact that a class like this has such a large interest speaks to how tired students are of numbing their emotions—both positive and negative—so they can focus on their work, the next step, the next accomplishment (成就)." ."

3. \_\_\_\_\_ Back in 2006, Harvard introduced its Positive Psychology class, and about 900 students signed up for it. There are now more than 100 universities in the US that have started courses on positive psychology, including the University of Pennsylvania and Claremont Graduate University.

It may sound sad when Harvard student Nancy Cheng called Positive Psychology a "self-help class" 4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_ However, it's never too late-or too late-to start learning.

- A. But it's a good thing that student admit (承认) that they have a problem, instead of having to pretend (假装) that everything is fine in front of everyone.
- B. But if only things were as easy as that.
- C. It's like that students who get into top universities like Yale had a difficult time in high school.
- D. It's true that being happy is an ability, and it's OK that you may not have it yet.
- E. Yale offered many different kinds of course.
- F. Yale isn't the first university to offer such courses.

**答案** BCFAD

**解析**

1: 考查上下文理解, 句意: 俄国知名作家说 "如果你想要开心就能开心"。下文都是在说开心并不是那么容易的, 所以这里应该填一句跟前句意思相反的话。故选B。

2: 考查上下文, 下文是在说学生为了变得优秀会给自己很多压力, 以及做很多事情, 所以前一句应该是在说考入顶尖大学之前的高中生活都很压抑。故选C。

3: 考查上下文, 下文: 早在2006年, 哈佛大学就推出了积极心理课, 超过900个学生选这么课程。可以知道前一句是说耶鲁不是唯一一个有心理课程的学校。故选F。

4: 考查逻辑, 因为前一句是说 "可能有点难过", 这篇文章是在推崇这种课程的, 所以作者的态度应该是褒义的, 这里用了贬义色彩, 那么后文一定是要用转折, 选项A中包含转折, 并且还是在说这种课程的好处。故选A。

5: 考查文章主旨, 文章第二段就引出了主要观点 "快乐是一种能力", 结尾需要点题, 并且后面是一个转折, 那么前面要有否定。故选D。

**考点** 一阅读

└ 任务型阅读

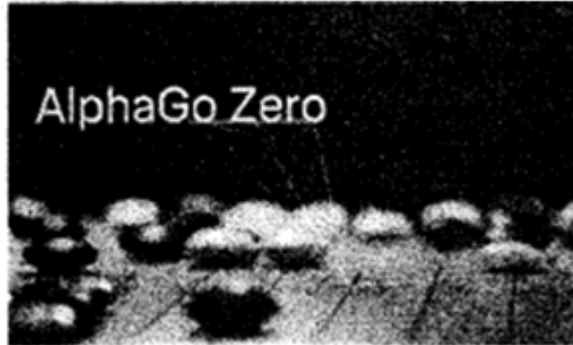
21

2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第106~110题5分

完成表格。阅读下面短文, 根据其内容, 完成表格中所缺的信息。

Artificial intelligence(AI) means the ability of a computer or a robot to do "smart" things.In recent years,AI has already come into our lives:from Apple's Siri to self-driving cars.In fact,AI is able to do even more things these days.Here are some top AI technologies that have become popular in 2017.Let's find out what they are.

### **AlphaGo Zero**



AlphaGo is an AI program that plays the board game Go (围棋) .It was developed by Google DeepMind in London.From 2015 to 2017. AlphaGo beat several professional human Go players, becoming the best Go player on the planet. However, DeepMind soon developed a new version (版本) of the AI program called AlphaGo Zero. It beat AlphaGo by 100 games to none.

How did Alphago Zero do this? AlphaGo learned by taking in data (数据) from hundreds of thousands of games played by human experts. AlphaGo Zero, however, started without any human knowledge of the game. It learned simply by playing millions of games against itself. using what it learned in each game to improve. This self-teaching program is a step forward in building machines that are truly smart. "The most attractive thing is it taught itself without any human data." said Demis Hassabis, CEO and cofounder of DeepMind.

### **Spark**



Spark is a new type of drone made by Chinese company DJI in Shenzhen. It helps people take better photos and videos. Spark has been described as"the smallest drone in history".When folded, it is as big as a can of soda.

The coolest part is that users can operate the small drone just by using hand gesture. For example, if you wave your hand from left or right. the drone will fly in the same direction. When you want it to land. you just hold your hand out. The drone will come to you and land on your

hand. Want to take a selfie (自拍) ? Put your hand close to your face. The drone will fly over and take a picture of you. Then, you just put your hand down. After a few seconds, the photo is ready. Hand gestures make taking photos easy and convenient.

### Baidu's DuerOS system



In the internet-of-things era (物联网时代), everyday devices (设备) will be connected to the internet and become "smart" with the help of chips (芯片) and software (软件). Humans will be able to talk to machines. For example, you could tell your TV to turn on, tell an air conditioning unit to lower the temperature in your room, or tell your car to go to a nearby coffee shop.

These "conversations" will be made possible with the use of a voice control system. Baidu is developing a voice control system called DuerOS. When the DuerOS software is embedded (嵌入) in everyday devices, such as a television or a phone, you can control these machines by telling them to follow your orders. You just have to say "xiaodu xiaodu" to start the DuerOS. Then, you can give orders. DuerOS uses Mandarin (普通话). In the future, it will be able to "speak" more languages, according to Baidu.

The introduction to 1. _____	
The advantages of AlphaGo Zero	AlphaGo Zero is 2. _____ in the world now. It beat AlphaGo by 100 games to none. AlphaGo learned from the game played by human experts, but AlphaGo Zero doesn't need human data anymore.
The 3. _____ of Spark	Spark can understand people's order. Spark can help people take better photos and videos 4. _____ by using hand gesture.
The usage of DuerOS	Everyday devices will be connected to the internet and become "smart" with the help of chips and software. Everyday devices that are embedded with the DuerOS will become 5. _____

答案

1: artificial intelligence

2: the best Go player

3: functions

4: simply

5: controllable by spoken orders

### 解析

1. 主旨题。根据文章第一段，以及文章的结构，可以知道文章是在介绍人工智能。故填 artificial intelligence。
2. 细节题，根据文中：AlphaGo beat several professional human Go players, becoming the best Go player on the planet. 可知 "AlphaGo打败了数个专业的人类棋手，变成了世界上最棒的棋手。" 故填 the best Go player。
3. 主旨题，考查Spark段落的主旨大意，文章在描述Spark的功能。故填 functions。
4. 细节题，文中一直在描述可以用简单的动作就可以控制Spark来进行拍照和摄影。故填 simply。
5. 细节题，根据最后一段可知，把DuerOS嵌入日常设备中，可以用语音控制日常设备。故填 controllable by spoken orders。

### 考点

一阅读

└ 阅读理解 (填空)

## 九、书面表达

### 22 2018年四川成都锦江区成都七中育才学校初三下学期初三一模第111题15分

美丽的海南岛是中国游客在冬季度假的热门目的地。今年春节期间涌入了大批的自驾游客，在假期快结束时，因琼州海峡 (The Qiongzhou Strait) 大雾 (heavy fog) 停航，致使几万辆返程车辆堵在海口无法过海，游客焦虑的同时也出现了很多不文明的行为。请结合上述原因及下面的要求写篇文章。

1. 请根据以下图片内容描述当时的场景和发生的问题。
2. 为了更好解决这些突发状况请给当地政府献计献策并给游客们些合理的建议。
3. 假如你是当地的自愿者，你打算如何帮助滞留的旅客们呢？
4. 词数110词左右。





答案

略。

解析

略

考点

一书面表达

└ 文段表达