

10. — _____ do you go to a movie?
— Twice a week.
- A. How long B. How soon C. How often D. How far
11. These oranges look nice, but _____ very sour.
- A. feel B. taste C. sound D. look
12. We should keep quiet in the cinema. We _____ speak loudly.
- A. can B. must C. needn't D. mustn't
13. As a volunteer, the girl wants to visit sick kids in the hospital _____ them up.
- A. to cheer B. cheer C. cheering D. cheered
14. You can _____ the word in the dictionary if you don't know it.
- A. give away B. cut off C. take after D. look up
15. — Excuse me, do you know _____?
— On foot.
- A. what Alice came to do B. where Alice came from
C. how Alice came here D. who Alice came with

II. 阅读理解 阅读下列短文，做出正误判断或选出最佳答案。A 篇为判断正(A)误(B)题，B、C 篇为选择题。(共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分)

A

Our skin is like a bag that we live in. Inside the bag our bodies are mostly water. Our water is like the water in the sea. It is very salty. Also, like the ocean, we can lose our water. The wind and the sun could take it away. Our bag of skin keeps our body's ocean from drying up.

Our skin keeps out sunshine. Too much sunshine can hurt us. Skin also keeps out dirt. That's important because some kinds of dirt can make us sick. Our skin feels things. It feels warm things, cold things, things it touches, and things that hurt it. A campfire feels warm. A snowball thrown in our face feels cold and hurts us. A hug is the touch of another person's skin on our own.

Our hair is a special kind of covering. It helps us keep things out of our eyes, ears and nose. Hair is also good for keeping us warm. When we get goose bumps (鸡皮疙瘩), our body hairs stand up. Then the hairs hold air close to our skin like a thick blanket (毯子). Hair keeps animals warm, too. Some animals have more hair than others, so they have a better blanket for cold weather.

Our nails (指甲) are another special skin which are very hard. They help keep our fingers from getting hurt. Our nails aren't as strong as the nails that animals have. But they are good for picking up coins.

16. Our skin is like a bag full of salt.
17. Our skin keeps out dirt and sunshine.
18. Our skin helps us feel things, touch or hurt others.
19. Our hair helps protect our eyes, ears and nose.
20. Our nails are weaker than the nails that animals have but can keep our fingers safe.

B

Uncle Sam

Do your children enjoy interesting stories, funny games and exciting dances? Uncle Sam will be ready to teach children of all ages all these things at the City Theatre on Saturday morning at 10:00. Free.

Walking Tour

Forget your worries on Saturday morning. Take a beautiful walk and learn about local history. Meet at the front entrance of City Hall at 9:30. Wear comfortable shoes!

Movie Time

Two films will be shown on Saturday afternoon at the Museum Theatre. See *March of the Penguins* at 1:30. *Kung Fu Panda* will be at 3:45. For further information, call 4987898.

International Picnic

Are you tired of eating the same food every day? Come to Central Park on Saturday and enjoy food from all over the world. Delicious and not expensive. Noon to 5:00 p.m.

Take Me Out to the Ballgame

It's October, and this Saturday night is your last chance to see the Redbirds this year. Get your tickets at the gate. It might be cold. Don't forget sweaters and jackets.

Do You Want to Hear The Zoo?

The Zoo, a popular rock group from Australia, will give their first US concert this Saturday night at 8:00 at Rose Hall, City College.

21. You probably eat Chinese, Italian and Indian food at _____.
A. City Hall
B. Central Park
C. the City Theatre
D. City College
22. We can see movies at _____.
A. 10:00 a.m.
B. 9:30 a.m.
C. 3:45 p.m.
D. 8:00 p.m.
23. The Zoo here is a _____.
A. music group
B. US concert
C. popular park
D. museum theatre
24. From the passage, we can know _____.
A. if you are 8 years old, you have to pay to learn exciting dances
B. you can call 4987898 to get a ticket to go to Rose Hall
C. you can learn local history on a walking tour on Sunday morning
D. the Redbirds' last match this year will be held outside
25. The passage is mainly about _____.
A. city news
B. weekend activities
C. music week
D. food festival

C

Ray Charles, a black singer and pianist of the USA. He had won 12 Grammy Awards (格莱美奖) and performed at 10,000 concerts around the world. Many musicians called him simply “the Genius” (天才).

Ray Charles was born into a poor family, without a father. When he was 5 years old, his younger brother died, and around the same time, Charles started to lose his sight. By the age of 7 he was completely blind. He had already been learning the piano for a year, and when he went blind, his mother knew this would be the only way he would make any money in the future. All his life, Charles remembered her saying: “Do it right, or don’t do it at all.”

Later he went to a school for blind and deaf children. There the teachers also encouraged him to study music. Sadly, while he was still at school, his mother died. He left school and in the early 1950s Charles organized a group of players. He sang, played the piano and wrote music.

He made many classical CDs with famous artists such as Elton John and the Beatles.

In 2003 a film of his life *Ray* was made. The part of Charles was played by a younger actor and musician called Jamie Foxx. The film director brought Foxx to meet Charles. After they had been playing together for two hours, Charles, then aged 73, jumped up and said: “He’s the one ... he can do it.” A year later Charles died aged 74. The film of his life has been as popular as his songs and means that the memory of Charles’ music will live on.

26. What can we learn from Ray’s childhood story?

- A. His father died when he was 5 years old.
- B. He started to go blind at the age of 7.
- C. He was born in a rich musician family.
- D. He started to learn the piano at the age of 6.

27. Ray Charles’ mother encouraged him to play music because _____.

- A. his father was a musician as well
- B. because it would help him get used to being blind
- C. it was a good way for a blind person to get money
- D. his teacher thought he was a genius

28. Ray Charles went to a school for _____.

- A. normal children
- B. deaf and blind children
- C. talented children only
- D. children without parents

29. Ray Charles thought that Jamie Foxx _____.

- A. was the right person to play him in the film
- B. was a good film maker
- C. was the wrong person to play him in the film
- D. was a good director

30. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?

- A. Becoming a musician.
- B. Childhood story.
- C. The film of Ray’s life.
- D. Master of many styles.

第 II 卷 (共 60 分)

III. 综合填空 (共 20 小题 , A 每小题 2 分 , B、C 每小题 1 分 , 共 25 分)

A. 用所给词的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。(10 分)

share divide hit plant sleep

1. Don't make any noise. Your grandfather _____ in bed.
2. My sister likes making friends. She often _____ her ideas with them.
3. Next week the students in our class _____ into different teams to play basketball.
4. It snowed heavily last night, so a car _____ a tree by accident a moment ago.
5. People in this city _____ lots of trees in the last few years.

B. 根据句意和所给汉语, 完成句子。每空一词。(5 分)

1. Her ways of solving problems are different from _____ (我的).
2. The hotel is _____ (在.....的后面) the police station.
3. People in some countries eat many _____ (土豆) as their main food.
4. The exam is very important to us, so we must take it _____ (严肃地).
5. After doing sports for a long time, Tina is _____ (瘦的) than before.

C. 选择恰当的单词填空。每词限用一次。(有两个多余的选项) (10 分)

_____ because, robots, over, recycle, or, dangerous, our, and, forever, safe, cars, run

What will our world be like in 2050? We asked a group of experts to make their predictions about our future.

By 2050 we will have “clever” 1 . We won't have so many accidents, 2 they will be able to communicate with each other. Cars will slow down by themselves or stop in 3 situations. Also, our cars will 4 on electricity or water.

By 2050 our homes will be more eco-friendly (环保). We will use solar (太阳的) energy, and we will clean and 5 our water. There will be many more people in the world 6 our houses will be smaller. Many houses will be underground and we will have 7 to help clean, cook and do 8 home shopping.

We won't die! We will put our brains onto computers and live 9 . The computers of the future won't look like machines. They'll look like humans.

By 2050 there will be too many people on the earth and 10 100 million people will be living on the moon and other planets. We will be able to travel to Mars and back in just three days.

IV. 阅读表达 (共 20 分)

A

阅读下面短文, 按要求完成各项任务。(共 6 分)

Everywhere in the world there are different ways of behaving. When w.e meet someone, everything we say and do expresses our cultural background. So if you want to get on with someone from another culture, it helps to understand something about these differences.

Even how we stand depends on our culture. English people talk to each other at an average (平均的) distance of 130 cm, while Italians chat at an average distance of 80 cm. So Italians can think that English people are unfriendly because they stand too far away! And English people can think that Italians are too close.

Touching is also cultural. The French touch much more than Americans. A French couple may touch 100 times in half an hour while an American couple may only touch twice! And French teenagers touch each other much more than American teens.



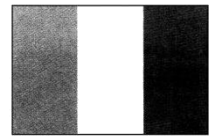
Canada

If you are invited for a meal, you should arrive on time – not early or late.



Indonesia

Never point to anything with your foot.



France

When eating out, keep both hands on or above the table.

任务一 请将划线句子 When we meet someone, everything we say and do expresses our cultural

任务二 请根据短文内容回答问题。(2 分)

任务三 请根据短文内容, 完成下面的句子。(2 分)

According to the passage, Italians stand 1 than English people. American teens touch 2 than French teenagers.

阅读下面短文, 按要求完成各项任务。(共 7 分)

A survey of young people around the world looked at their ideas of today's teenagers. It shows how different they are to those of their parents and grandparents. The survey wanted to try and understand the next generation (一代人) of adults better and these are some of the results. They

show that there are many more (A) similarities between young people around the world than differences.

1 _____

Gap years (间隔年) between school and university are becoming more and more common. Today's teenagers want to travel to different countries and experience different cultures. They regard this as an important part of their character development.

2 _____

For most teenagers, family and friends are the most important side of life. According to the survey, 60 percent of British young people said their relationship with their family was of the highest importance to (B) them.

3 _____

75 percent of teenagers in Western Europe expect to have enough money to live when they are adults. They are a happy generation. Eight out of ten believe they will have a good profession with a job they enjoy. They also expect that they will be happy and healthy.

4 _____

Young people now are hungry for all kinds of information on mass media. 57 percent of teenagers in the UK read at least one magazine every week, which is one of the highest totals in the world.

任务一 根据文章内容，把相关的信息匹配。将答案的字母代号填入对应的横线上。（每小题1分，共4分）

A. Hope in the future

B. Crazy for information

C. Discovering the world

D. Family and friends

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____

任务二 根据上下文，猜测文中(A)处划线单词 similarities 的中文意思。_____（1分）

任务三 找出(B)处划线单词 them 所指代的内容。_____（1分）

任务四 请从文中找出与They have strong interest in learning about all kinds of information from radio, television, Internet and so on. 意思相近的句子。（1分）

C

阅读下面短文，按要求完成各项任务。（共7分）

Every year animals all around the world take part in some wonderful journeys. Here are the stories of two amazing animal travelers.



Humpback whales (座头鲸) prefer a slow journey. The humpbacks, which travel over 10,000 kilometers on their journey from Alaska to Hawaii, swim at a relaxing speed of about 1.6 kilometers an hour. Although they don't swim fast, humpback whales travel farther than any other kinds of

whale.

Every August a fantastic sight can be seen in the skies above Ontario and Montreal — millions of amazing Monarch butterflies (帝王蝶) beginning their 4,000-kilometer journey from Canada to Central Mexico. In fact, the journey, which takes about 3 months, is longer than the average (平均的) life of the butterfly. Finally many of the butterflies reaching their final place are the great grandchildren or even the great great grandchildren of the butterflies who began the journey in Mexico the year before.



任务一 根据文章内容，完成下列句子。(5分，每空不超过3个单词)

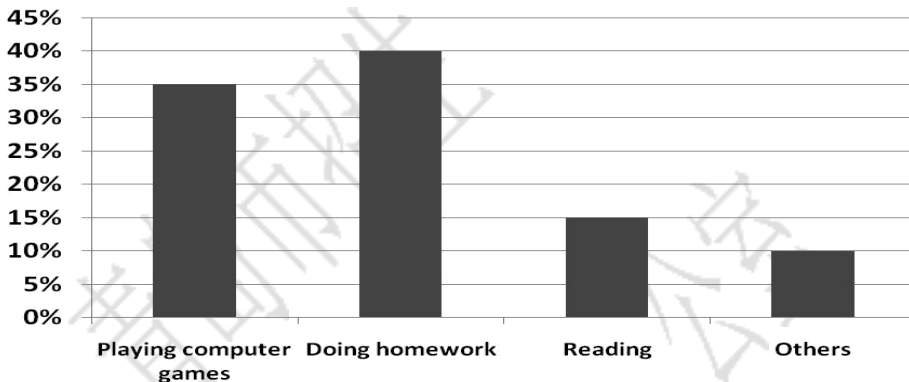
Humpback whales swim at a speed of 1 an hour from Alaska to —2—. They travel slowly but 3 among all whales. Monarch butterflies spend —4— flying from Canada to Central Mexico. It lasts longer than their average life. The ones which arrive at the final place are 5 or even the great great grandchildren.

任务二 请用英语简要概括出本文的主旨大意，不超过10个单词。(2分)

The passage is mainly about _____.

V. 书面表达 (共15分)

某英语杂志社对部分中学生的周末活动做了问卷调查(结果如图)，请你写一篇英语短文参加征文活动。



内容包括：1. 简要描述调查结果。

2. 谈一谈中学生应该如何度过一个有意义的周末(至少两条)。

要求：1. 词数：80-100。开头已给出，不计入总词数。

2. 文中不得出现真实的校名和人名。

We did a survey about middle school students' weekend activities. Here are the results. _____

2017 中考英语答案

第 I 卷：选择题

一、单选题

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	D	B	C	B	A	B	D	A	C

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
B	D	A	D	C	B	A	B	A	A

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
B	C	A	D	B	D	C	B	A	C

第 II 卷：非选择题

III

A 1、is sleeping 2、shares 3、will be divided 4、hit 5、have planted

B 1、mine 2、behind 3、potatoes 4、seriously 5、thinner

C 1、cars 2、because 3、dangerous 4、run 5、recycle 6、and 7、robots 8、our 9、forever 10、over

IV

A 任务一：当我们遇见其他人时，我们所做和所做的一切都表达了我们的文化背景

任务二：1、Canada 2、When eating out, keep both hands on or above the table

任务三：1、closer 2、less

B 任务一：C D A B

任务二：相同处，相同点

任务三：British young people

任务四：Young people now are hungry for all kinds of information on mass media

C 任务一：1、1.6 kilometers 2、Hawaii 3、farthest 4、3 month 5、the great grandchildren

任务二：two amazing animal travelers

V 书面表达略